

Class Name

Date/Quarter

Introduction.....	July 3
Themes 1.....	July 10
Themes 2.....	July 17
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Chapter 8	September 18
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Roman (Part 1)

Romans (Part 1)

Introduction

July 3, 2016

1. Read Romans 1-9
2. Learn about the church in Rome:
 - a. When was it established? _____
 - b. Who established it? _____
 - c. What do we know about the makeup of the church (Jew, Gentile, etc.)? _____

3. Learn about the Roman letter:
 - a. Who wrote it? _____
 - b. Where was it written from? _____
 - c. When was it written? _____
 - d. What circumstances/events were taking place when it was written? _____

4. Read Romans 1-9 again. This time note themes or ideas that recur in these chapters:

Romans (Part 1)

Themes (1)

July 10, 2016

1. Read Romans 1-9
2. As you read, either mark or list:
 - a. Nouns and pronouns referencing Jesus Christ (Jesus, Christ, Jesus Christ, His Son, etc.)

 - b. References to Jews: _____

 - c. References to Gentiles or Greeks: _____

 - d. Reference to faith or belief: _____

 - e. References to circumcision or uncircumcision: _____

Romans (Part 1)

Themes (1)

July 10, 2016

1. Read Romans 1-9
2. As you read, either mark or list:
 - a. Words like “sin,” “sinful,” etc. _____

 - b. “Flesh,” “carnal” and related words _____

 - c. “Spirit,” “spiritual,” etc. _____

 - d. “law” _____

 - e. “works” _____

Romans (Part 1)

Chapter 1

July 24, 2016

1. Paul mentions something about himself in vs. 1, 5.
 - a. What does he refer to? _____
 - b. Why might he particularly bring this up to the Roman brethren? _____

2. Vs. 7 – The term “saints” is often misused by those in the religious world.
 - a. What are some common misconceptions of “saints?” _____

 - b. Note phrases in the following verses that help explain what “saints” are in this context:
 - 1) Vs. 5 - _____
 - 2) Vs. 6 - _____
 - 3) Vs. 8 - _____
3. Vs. 11-15
 - a. What had Paul desired to do, but been hindered from? _____
 - b. Why did he want to do this?
 - 1) Vs. 11 - _____
 - 2) Vs. 11 - _____
 - 3) Vs. 12 - _____
 - 4) Vs. 13 - _____
 - 5) Vs. 14 - _____
 - 6) Vs. 15 - _____
4. Vs. 16-18
 - a. Why was Paul not ashamed of the gospel? _____

 - b. Two things are “revealed” by the gospel:
 - 1) Vs. 17 - _____

 - 2) Vs. 18 - _____

5. Vs. 18-32

a. Note the beginning and ending statements in this section:

1) Vs 18 - _____

2) Vs. 32 - _____

b. What were the two underlying causes of the behaviors described in the rest of the text:

1) Vs. 21 - _____

2) Vs. 22-23 - _____

c. Note the behaviors that resulted and are condemned:

Romans (Part 1)

Chapter 2

July 31, 2016

1. Read the chapter.
2. Vs. 1...vs. 17
 - a. Who is Paul addressing now? _____
 - b. What does this emphasize about who he was addressing in chapter 1? _____
3. Compare vs. 2, 5-6, 8-9 with the latter part of chapter 1 (note vs. 18). What similarities do you see?

4. In each of the following verses note the attitude displayed and then Paul's responding comment:
 - a. Vs. 3 - _____
Vs. 4 - _____
 - b. Vs. 21a - _____
Vs. 21a - _____
 - c. Vs. 21b - _____
Vs. 21b - _____
 - d. Vs. 22a - _____
Vs. 22a - _____
 - e. Vs. 22b - _____
Vs. 22b - _____
 - f. Vs. 23 - _____
Vs. 23 - _____
5. Vs. 24 – What was at least one consequence of their attitude? _____

6. Vs. 9-15 – What is Paul's point about who will be punished? _____

7. Vs. 25-29 – What is Paul explaining about circumcision? _____

1. Read the chapter.
2. Vs. 1-4 – The Jews advantage
 - a. What did Paul say was the advantage the Jews had? _____

 - b. Did all the Jews believe? _____
 - c. What impact did this have on the faithfulness of God? _____
 - d. What is the practical application of this for us today? _____

3. Vs. 5-8 – God is Just
 - a. Vs. 5
 - 1) To help understand Paul’s question, compare several translations of this verse. Explain in your own words what argument Paul is addressing. _____

 - 2) Have you ever heard arguments similar to this today? Explain. _____

 - b. Vs. 6 – How does Paul respond to this argument? _____

 - c. Vs. 7-8 – What is the conclusion that some said was the result of Paul’s teaching? _____

4. Vs. 9-23 – All are sinners
 - a. Paul earlier talked about a Jewish advantage. Here he says they are not better. Explain. _____

 - b. Note the phrases that emphasize that all are guilty of sin:
 - 1) Vs. 9 - _____
 - 2) Vs. 10 - _____
 - 3) Vs. 11 - _____
 - 4) Vs. 12 - _____
 - 5) Vs. 19 - _____
 - 6) Vs. 23 - _____
 - c. What is NOT sufficient to address this issue, vs. 20? _____

Romans (Part 1)

d. What IS, vs. 21-22? _____

5. Vs. 24-31 – Justified through Christ

a. Vs. 24-26 – How can God be “just and justifier” at the same time? _____

b. Vs. 27-28, 31

1) Does Paul say we should not do any works? _____

2) What does he say about works? _____

3) What kind of works does he specifically mention? _____

4) Since we are not under the old law, does this have any relevance for us? Explain. _____

c. Vs. 29-30 – Who has access to this means of justification? _____

Romans (Part 1)

Chapter 4

August 14, 2016

1. Read Chapter 4
2. Vs. 1 –Consider two possible ways that the Jews might argue that Abraham could appeal to something “according to the flesh”:
 - a. Vs. 2, 4 - _____
 - b. Vs. 10-12 - _____
3. Vs. 4-8
 - a. Vs. 4 – Paul defines the kind of works under discussion. What are they? _____

 - b. Vs. 5 – “...does not work but believes...” Compare:
 - 1) 1 Sam. 8:7 – “they have not rejected you, but they have rejected me...” Clearly, the people had rejected Samuel (vs. 5-6). So what was the meaning of the Lord’s statement?

 - 2) Matt. 10:28 – “do not fear those who kill the body...but rather fear Him who is able...” Jesus is not teaching that it is wrong to fear someone holding a gun to your head. Rather, what is his point?

 - 3) Explain the not..but figure of speech and it’s impact on the meaning of Paul’s teaching here.

4. Vs. 9-12
 - a. What is the question Paul raises? _____

 - b. Who’s situation is used to answer the question? _____
 - c. What is Paul’s answer to the question and why? _____

5. Vs. 13-16
 - a. What is contrasted with faith in these verses? _____
 - b. The contrast is specifically referencing who? _____
 - c. What is the point (compare to vs. 9-12)? _____

Romans (Part 1)

Chapter 4

August 14, 2016

6. Vs. 19-25

a. Vs. 19-21 – What specific example of Abraham’s faith is referenced here? _____

b. Vs. 23-24 – Why did Paul say this was written? _____

Romans (Part 1)

Chapter 5

August 21 & 28, 2016

1. Read the chapter.
2. Vs. 1-2 – Faith gives us...
 - a. _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____
3. Vs. 3-5 – We should _____ in tribulations because, handled correctly, they can lead to...
 - a. _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____
4. Vs. 6-8 – What in these verses makes Jesus’ sacrifice even more special? _____

5. Vs. 9-11 – Fill in the following statements:

Vs. 9		by	
Vs. 9		through	
Vs. 10		through	
Vs. 10		by	
Vs. 11a		through	

6. Vs. 12 – Why did death spread to all men? _____
7. Vs. 13-21
 - a. Vs. 13, 20
 - 1) Does Paul say there is no sin without law? _____
 - 2) How does vs. 13 help explain “that the offense might abound” in vs. 20? _____

 - b. Vs. 14-19
 - 1) Some teach that these verses prove the Calvinistic concept of Total Depravity: we inherit the sin of Adam and all men are guilty of sin as result of Adam’s sin. Based on Paul using the exact phrases for something else, what else is also universal if sin is universal? Use the chart below to help you answer the question. _____

Verse	Phrase about sin	Parrellel phrase justification
Vs. 18	came to all men	
Vs. 19	many were made sinners	

Romans (Part 1)

Chapter 5

August 21 & 28, 2016

c. Compare vs. 21 with Gal. 3:24. What is Paul teaching in both verses? _____

1. Read the chapter.
2. Vs. 1-14
 - a. Read 5:20-21. Why might someone make the argument raised in vs. 1? _____

 - b. What should our relationship be to sin based on vs. 2, 7, 11? _____
 - c. How does that death occur?
 - 1) Vs. 3 – _____ into His death
 - 2) Vs. 4 – _____ into death
 - 3) Vs. 5 – _____ in the likeness of His death
 - d. Is there any implication that because the means of “death to sin” they somehow “earned” salvation or that faith was negated? _____
 - e. Note the phrase in each verse that helps to explain how this relationship with sin is demonstrated:
 - 1) Vs. 6 – no longer _____
 - 2) Vs. 12 – do not _____
 - 3) Vs. 13 – do not _____
 - 4) Vs. 14 – sin shall not _____
 - 5) Is this (choose one and be prepared to explain):
 - a) A “forced submission” that God implements as a result of our change?
 - b) A reflection of our changed heart (repentance) that we consciously change our own behavior?
 - f. What do we gain?
 - 1) Vs. 4 – walk in _____
 - 2) Vs. 5 – also shall be _____
 - 3) Vs. 7 – freed from _____
 - 4) Vs. 8 – we shall also _____
 - g. Based on the context of the discussion of the previous chapters, is “not under law” in vs. 14 (consider also vs. 15 as you answer):
 - 1) No work of any kind is necessary because God’s grace makes all work of any kind unnecessary.
 - 2) We are not saved by earning salvation via works of the law. While we must work to avoid sin to demonstrate our changed relationship, only God’s grace is sufficient to save.
3. Vs. 15-23
 - a. Paul responds to a wrong conclusion potentially reached by some. What is the argument Paul is answering? _____

Romans (Part 1)

Chapter 6

September 4, 2016

- b. Note the phrases in the following verses that put the burden of choice on the individual:
 - 1) Vs. 16 – to whom _____ slaves to obey
 - 2) Vs. 17 – yet _____ that form of doctrine
 - 3) Vs. 19 – so now _____ slaves of righteousness
- c. Why is this change so important and critical?
 - 1) The cost of remaining a slave to sin:
 - a) Vs. 16 – sin leading to _____
 - b) Vs. 21 – end of those things is _____
 - c) Vs. 23 – wages of sin _____
 - 2) The gain of being a “slave of righteousness”:
 - a) Vs. 22 – and the end, _____
 - b) Vs. 23 – the gift of God is _____

1. Read the chapter.
2. Vs. 1-6
 - a. Note the parallel concepts:
 - 1) Vs. 1 – the law has dominion over a man _____
 - 2) Vs. 2 – is bound by law to her husband _____
 - 3) Vs. 2 – if _____ she is released from the law
 - 4) Vs. 3 – if _____, she is free from that law
 - 5) Vs. 4 – you have also _____ through the body of Christ
 - 6) Vs. 6 – we have been delivered from the law, _____ to that what we are held by
 - b. The result:
 - 1) Vs. 4 – that you may be _____
 - 2) Vs. 6 – we have been _____
3. Vs. 7-25
 - a. Paul's affirmation of the goodness of the law:
 - 1) Vs. 7 – Is the law sin? _____
 - 2) Vs. 10 – the commandment, which was _____, I found...
 - 3) Vs. 12 – the law is _____, and the commandment _____
 - 4) Vs. 13 – Has then what is _____ become death to me? _____
 - 5) Vs. 22 – For I _____ in the law of God
 - b. The law teaches about sin and consequences:
 - 1) Vs. 7 – I would not have know _____ except through the law
 - 2) Vs. 9 – when the commandment came, sin revived and I _____.
 - 3) Vs. 13 – But sin, _____, was producing...
 - c. Sin can be deceptive and, given opportunity can control us:
 - 1) Vs. 8 – Sin, taking opportunity by the commandment, _____
 - 2) Vs. 11 – sin, taking occasion by the commandment, _____
 - 3) Vs. 20 – it is not longer I who do it, _____

Romans (Part 1)

Chapter 8:1-17

September 25, 2016

1. Read chapter 8.
2. Vs. 1 - In chapter 7, Paul discussed the battle of letting sin taking control of our lives. What is the motivation he provides for not walking “according to the flesh?”

3. Vs. 2-4 - Paul mentions two laws.
 - a. What are they? _____

 - b. Based on the context of everything discussed so far, explain the difference Paul is trying to emphasize to the Jews. _____

 - c. How did Christ fulfill the “righteous requirement of the law?” _____

 - d. What is required for us to benefit from what Christ did? _____

4. Vs. 5-9
 - a. As already introduced in vs. 4, look at the parallel statements:
 - 1) Vs. 4 - who do not walk _____
 - 2) Vs. 5 - those who _____ to the flesh _____
on things of the flesh
 - 3) Vs. 6 - to be _____ is death
 - 4) Vs. 7 - the _____ is enmity against God
 - b. Vs. 8-9 - using the context of the statements above, is Paul saying (choose one)...
 - 1) Man is flesh and therefore has no ability of his own to choose to serve God unless the Holy Spirit has irresistibly opened your heart.
 - 2) Those who choose to focus on fleshly things will not please God. However, those who choose to let the Spirit govern their lives will not let fleshly things govern their lives.
5. Vs. 10-17 - Paul again looks at the benefits of living “in the Spirit”
 - a. Vs. 10 - the Spirit is _____
 - b. Vs. 11 - will also _____ to your mortal bodies
 - c. Vs. 13 - if by the Spirit you...you will _____
 - d. Vs. 17 - if children, then _____
 - e. Vs. 17 - that we may also be _____

Romans (Part 1)

Chapter 8:18-39

September 25, 2016

1. Read chapter 8.
2. Vs. 18-25
 - a. Vs. 18 - Based on the context of chapter 7 and the first part of chapter 8, what sufferings is Paul referring to? _____

 - b. Consider the parallel phrases:
 - 1) Vs. 19 - For the _____ of the creation
 - 2) Vs. 20 - because of Him who subjected it in _____
 - 3) Vs. 23 - _____ for the adoption
 - 4) Vs. 24 - We were saved in this _____
 - 5) Vs. 25 - we _____ for it with perseverance
 - 6) Define "hope:" _____
 - c. What is hoped for:
 - 1) Vs. 18 - _____ which shall be revealed in us
 - 2) Vs. 19 - for the _____ of the sons of God.
 - 3) Vs. 23 - eagerly waiting for the _____
 - 4) Vs. 23 - the _____ of our body
3. Vs. 26-27 - What does the Spirit do? _____

4. Vs. 28-30
 - a. Note:
 - 1) Vs. 28 - to those who are _____ according to His purpose
 - 2) Vs. 29 - For whom he _____
 - 3) Vs. 29 - He also _____ to be conformed
 - 4) Vs. 30 - whom He _____
 - 5) Vs. 30 - these He also _____
 - b. Based on the context of the discussion of the first eight chapters, choose one as the explanation of the above verses. Explain your answer.
 - 1) God chose specific people to be saved from the beginning of time and only those whom God specifically selected can be saved and are the only ones He will "call."
 - 2) God chose a means for men to be saved and He knew His plan before anybody was on the earth. His call is through a predetermined means.
 - 3) Explain your choice: _____

Romans (Part 1)

Chapter 8:18-39

September 25, 2016

5. Vs. 31-39 - Again, choose one and explain your answer in the context of the discussion Paul has set forth in the book.
- Those who are saved absolutely cannot be lost under any circumstance.
 - Those who are saved cannot have their salvation taken away from them against their will.
 - Explain your answer: _____
